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ASPIAZU, Lorea, Igor ESNAOLA y Marta SARASA. [Capacidad predictiva del apoyo social en la inteligencia emocional de los adolescentes](#). *European Journal of Education and Psychology*. Almería: CENFINIT, junio 2015, **8**(1) 23-29 . ISSN 1888-8992.

The goal of this study is to analyse the relationship between social support (family, friends, teachers) and the emotional intelligence (emotional attention, clarity of feelings and emotional repair) during adolescence. Correlational analyses show that there are significant relationships between the variables studied in the male and in the female samples. In the male sample, the support of friends predicts emotional attention and clarity of feelings, while family support predicts their emotional adjustment. In the female sample, however, the support of peers best predicts emotional attention, while family support predicts emotional clarity and adjustments.

GARCÍA JIMÉNEZ, Antonio, Beatriz CATALINA-GARCÍA y Carlos OLIVA-MARAÑÓN. [Estudio sobre la frecuencia de búsqueda y consulta de noticias por parte de los jóvenes](#). *Documentación de Ciencias de la Información*. Madrid: Universidad Complutense de Madrid, 2016 **39**, 283-298. ISSN 1988-2890.

Searching for and accessing news is a regular activity performed by young university students for professional reasons or because they want to be aware of current events. Those who do not seek news are content with the information they receive from their social environment. Television is the preferred conventional channel, while the radio is the least preferred. However, almost all young people obtain information from the digital environment, especially from social networks, Facebook, and Twitter. Young people combine access to information from traditional media and on-line media. On the other hand, young university students who consult information more frequently do not tend to disseminate it.

RODRÍGUEZ GARCÍA, Lorena y José Rafael MAGDALENA BENEDITO. [Perspectiva de los jóvenes sobre seguridad y privacidad en las redes sociales](#). *Icono 14. Revista científica de comunicación y tecnologías emergentes*. Madrid: Icono14, 2016, **14**(1), 24-249. ISSN 1697-8293 .

Young users of social networks (Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, WhatsApp, Instagram and Ask.fm) use weak passwords and find it necessary to increase security measures when signing-up for and when leaving these networks. They are not aware of the privacy policies and not properly configure these options appropriately. They add trusted people and people they have just met to their lists. They share images and videos, especially via WhatsApp, Twitter, and Facebook, with all their contacts, without distinctions or limitations, although they are more restrictive with this type of content than with comments. In general, they consider that social networks are not safe but are useful and important.

