

Articles of interest in March 2018



GARCÍA JIMÉNEZ, Antonio, Victoria TUR-VIÑES y Yolanda PASTOR RUIZ. [Consumo mediático de adolescentes y jóvenes. Noticias, contenidos audiovisuales y medición de audiencias.](#) Icono 14: Madrid: Icono 14, 2018 enero-junio **16**(1), 22-46. ISSN 1697-8293

Reviewing different studies shows that news is still of interest to young people; what has changed however is the preference for digital formats over the conventional and access to it through social media, as the young user has more ubiquity, access and control of time. However, current affairs are not fundamental in the daily life of young people, they do not search for news, they consult it incidentally, through a social network when they receive it on their mobile device, they click and spend little time reading it. Regarding the credibility of the information received through social media, there is no agreement on the part of the studies reviewed: it is likely to have less credibility for the young people consulting it, but this does not mean that they do not consult it. News in the audio-visual format is still being consumed especially on television.

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TRESÁNCORAS, Aitana G., Carlos GARCÍA-OLIVA y José A. PIQUERAS. [Relación del uso problemático de whatsapp con la personalidad y la ansiedad en adolescentes.](#) Salud y Drogas: Revista del Instituto de Investigación de Drogodependencias. San Joan de Alacant: INID, 2017, **17**(1), 27-36. ISSN 1988-205X

There is a high number of teenagers making problematic use of WhatsApp. Personality and anxiety variables weigh heavily on this use, especially affability and emotional stability. Men who make problematic use are characterized by high emotional instability and low affability and in the case of women; again emotional instability is the factor that explains the use. Likewise they use the mobile phone to alleviate boredom or in the struggle against sadness, not receiving calls or messages from other people affects them more. Men, however, use the mobile as a technological tool. The advance of age leads to more problematic use in the case of women; in men the problem remains stable. In both cases, greater levels of anxiety produce a more problematic use of WhatsApp.

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GARCÍA MONTERO, Roberto. [Las escuelas de segunda oportunidad en España](#). *Educarnos Salamanca: Movimiento de renovación pedagógica de Educadores Milanianos*, 2018, (81), p. 7-10 ISSN 1575-197X

Second Chance Schools were established in 1995 in Europe under the White Paper on education and training to combat exclusion through academic success. In Spain, however, Second Chance Schools were a result of the crisis derived from the democratic transition period; social entities designed an educational programme for young people from marginal neighbourhoods. Second Chance Schools seek to create a customised educational programme, a personal and professional project that caters for young people from all points of view, a trade-based training system, and a funding programme based on public and private means. Second Chance Schools belong to an association that promotes social and professional integration, the development of social and professional skills, cooperation with businesses, networking, and recognition by the public administrations.