

Featured articles from the OVJ documentation centre. December 2021



ÁGUILA OTERO, A., 2020. [Assessing the Profile and Needs of Adolescents in Residential Therapeutic Care](#). Oviedo University

The goal of this thesis is to analyse the profile and needs of the adolescent population in Therapeutic Residential Foster Care homes, as well as the performance of the resources from the perspective of young people. This paper highlights the importance of prevention and the early detection of mental health issues among children and youths within the child protection system, emphasising the specialised support of family protection measures or less restrictive measures to avoid break-ups and repeated relocations. The correct assessment and referral of cases to these specialised homes are essential. In the same vein, we recommend implementing Evidence-Based Programmes designed for the Therapeutic Residential Foster Care system, as well as regular quality assessments to analyse the operation of the home from the perspective of professionals and young residents. Finally, given the vulnerability of girls, it is essential to adopt a gender perspective within the protection system to address their particular characteristics and needs adequately.



LEAL-JIMÉNEZ, A., 2020. [Digital Neurocommunication as an Awareness-Raising Tool for Suicide Prevention in Young People](#). Málaga University

The purpose of this research is to determine and understand the incidence of suicide among youths and to provide insight into the extent to which Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Neurocommunication, with appropriate Communication and Public Relations content on Social Media, could be applied to help alleviate, to a large extent, potential suicide attempts in the target population. The results obtained suggest the need for awareness-raising campaigns using Digital Neurocommunication techniques focused on suicide prevention and to do so in such a way that their effectiveness can be assessed with a view to conducting follow-up actions. There is also a need to engage in a dialogue with the media on the responsible coverage of suicides as responsible communicators. Engaging and training them in responsible reporting by developing standards and practices that ensure the correct use of language.



PÉREZ ESCODA, A., BARÓN DULCE, G. & RUBIO ROMERO, J., 2021. [Mapping Media Consumption among Young People: Social Media, Fake News and Trust in Times of the Pandemic.](#) Index.comunicación: Scientific journal in the field of Applied Communication, vol. 11, no. 2, pp. 187-208. ISSN 2174-1859

The outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic has led to a major shift in media consumption and the use of social media. New habits and prolonged exposure to connected devices coupled with unmanageable amounts of information point to a disturbing state of affairs, especially among young people. The goal of this research is to discover the degree of trust that Generation Z has in the media, their media consumption preferences, and the association they make between media consumption and fake news. The study addresses three aspects: media consumption, social media consumption and the perception of fake news. The results suggest that this generation intensively consumes the media it trusts the least and trusts the media it consumes the least. The findings indicate that social media is the main source of information, among other content, for this generation despite being seen as the least reliable source and the most likely to spread fake news. There is a lack of media literacy from a critical rather than a formative perspective.